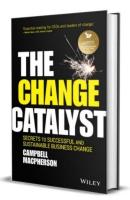
LEADING: CHANGE the workshop for successful leaders

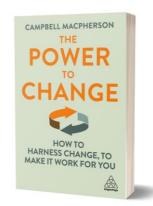
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Campbell Macpherson

Change & Strategy International



Leading Change 2018 Business Book of the Year Wiley



Embracing Personal Change Published worldwide Oct 2020 Kogan Page





Hello

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Change is inevitable. Successful change isn't.

Enabling CEOs and leaders to align their people to a clear strategy and lead the delivery of sustainable change.



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Hello





TODAY'S AGENDA

2020: The year of change Why change fails Essential ingredients to successful change Break

Overcoming our barriers to change

Lunch

How we react to change

Helping your people to want to change

Break

Change leadership

Reflection and close



If you are not leading change, You are not leading anything.

You are just managing the status quo.



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If your people aren't ready, willing and able to embrace change nothing will happen.





All change is personal. We all erect our own personal barriers to change. All change is emotional. People only change if they want to.

As leaders, it is our job to help people to want to change.



c endsleigh

New CEO

New SLT

New people-centric strategy

to

Recapture Endsleigh's rightful position as <u>the</u> student insurer.

Become the No.1 insurer for the education community.

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What have we learned about business in 2020?

- We can cope with change
- Working from home can work
- Mental health matters
- Every business is a people business
- Every business is a digital business
- Every busines is a SaaS business
- Sustainability is more than a buzzword
 - Financial sustainability
 - Strategic sustainability
 - Social sustainability
 - Environmental sustainability

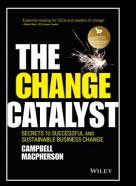
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2020: THE YEAR OF CHANGE



What have you learned about leading people in 2020?

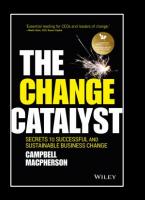




88% of change initiatives fail

Why?





1. Lack of clarity about what we are trying to achieve and why

WHY CHANGE FAILS

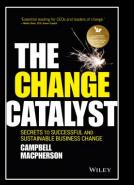
- 2. The implications are not fully understood
- 3. Obsession with process over outcomes
- 4. Inertia
- 5. The project is set up to fail
- 6. Poor communications & disingenuous engagement
- 7. We forget that emotions trump logic every time
- 8. A change-averse culture
- 9. Leadership doesn't stay the course
- 10. People don't like change.





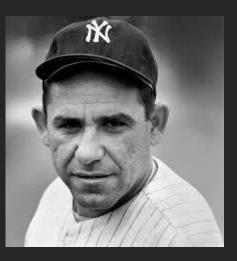






THE ESSENTIAL INGREDIENTS OF SUCCESSFUL CHANGE



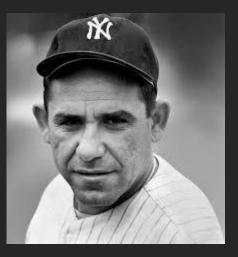


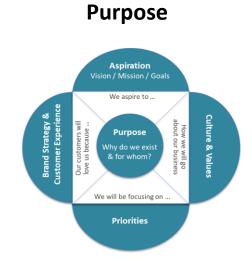
"If you don't know where you are going, you'll end up someplace else."

Yogi Berra



1. CLARITY OF WHAT WE ARE TRYING TO ACHIEVE – AND WHY ::





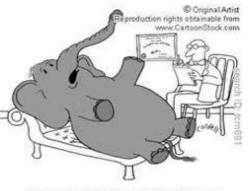
Sacred Cows



Magic

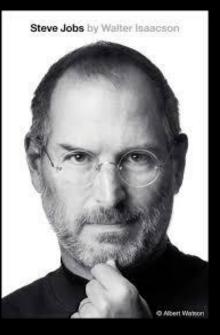


Elephants



"Whenever I walk in a room, everyone ignores me."





"There are downsides to everything; there are unintended consequences to everything."

Steve Jobs



•••



VS.



The operation was a complete success. Unfortunately, the patient died.



4. OVERCOME INERTIA









Initial Inertia *Moving from talk to action*

ACTION

Mid-Term Inertia Momentum too great

PAUSE

Complacency Success breeds failure

AVOID



"Success breeds complacency. Complacency breeds failure. Only the paranoid survive."

Andy Grove, Founder Intel



• Stay vigilant / paranoid

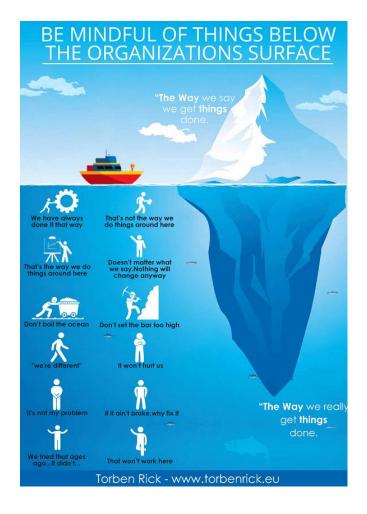






AVOIDING COMPLACENCY

- Stay vigilant / paranoid
- Remove the "that is how it has always been done" culture



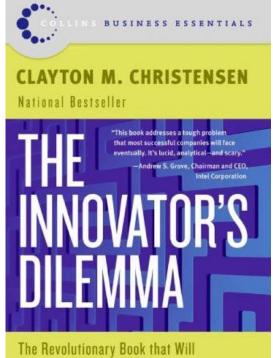


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AVOIDING COMPLACENCY

- Stay vigilant / paranoid
- Remove the "that is how it has always been done" culture
- Do it on the side

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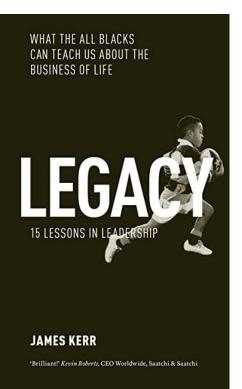
Change the Way You Do Business



23

AVOIDING COMPLACENCY

- ALL BLACKS
- Stay vigilant / paranoid
- Remove the "that is how it has always been done" culture
- Do it on the side
- Manufacture a crisis







The biggest

COMMUNICATION PROBLEM

is we do not listen

to understand,

we listen to reply.

Q U O T E D I A R Y , M E



•••

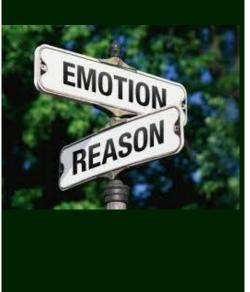


WHEN DEALING WITH PEOPLE REMEMBER YOU ARE NOT DEALING WITH CREATURES OF LOGIC, BUT CREATURES OF EMOTION Dale Carnegie





••



Emotional commitment is four times more powerful than rational commitment.



'Driving Performance and Retention through Employee Engagement' (2004). Survey of 50,000 employees worldwide

UNLOCK YOUR PEOPLE'S EMOTIONAL TRIGGERS

How do you want them to feel?

What is important to them?

What gets them excited about the future?

What makes them feel good about themselves?

What motivates them?





"The central issue is never strategy, structure or systems.

The core of the matter is always about changing the behaviour of people."

John P. Kotter.



Culture starts at the top.

"A company's culture is how people behave when they think no-one is watching"

Goals

Leadership

Motivation

Support

Contribution

Teamwork





Are your people ...

- Encouraged to question the status quo?
- Continually looking to improve the way things are done – and enhance the customer experience they deliver?
- Open to new ways of working?
- Encouraged to learn from failure?

Is their behaviour aligned to deliver the strategy?

Is yours?



Culture drives everything. Only your people can deliver your strategy.

Culture Change Checklist:

- **1.** Clarity of new behaviours and why the need to change.
- 2. Motivation. Help your people to want to adopt the new behaviours.
- **3. Skills.** Help your people to develop the new skills and approach they need to change.
- **4. Tools.** Give your people the tools they need to maintain the change.
- 5. Rewards for adopting new behaviours and aligned incentives.
- 6. Consequences. What are the consequences of not changing?
- 7. Leadership leading by example.



"Sometimes I have built well, but often I have built without Researching the ground upon which I put my building.

I raised a beautiful house but it slowly drifted away with the tides for I had laid the foundation upon shifting sand."

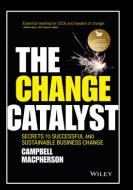
Maya Angelou







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Dedicated business person Focused on outcomes High EQ Genuine communicator Stakeholder engagement Listens to understand Works with project/programme manager The ying to a PM's yang

But we can all be catalysts for change.

ESSENTIAL INGREDIENTS OF SUCCESSFUL CHANGE

- 1. Complete clarity about what we are trying to achieve and why
- 2. Detailed understanding of the implications of the change
- 3. Laser-like focus on the outcomes
- 4. Overcoming inertia and pausing for reflection
- 5. Genuine engagement of people at all levels
- 6. Find the emotional triggers
- 7. Establish an enabling, change-ready culture
- 8. Set your people up to succeed clear accountabilities, responsibilities and decision-making processes
- 9. Committed, aligned and unwavering leadership
- 10. A Change Catalyst to drive delivery



We humans naturally resist change





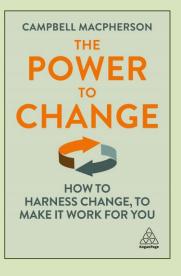








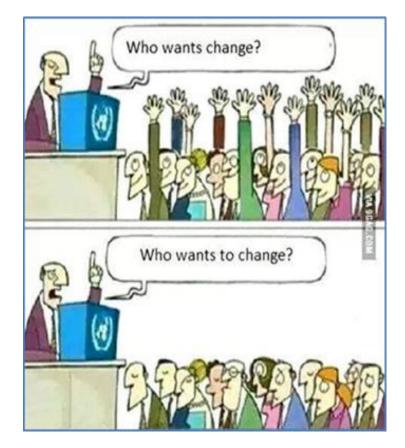




OVERCOMING OUR BARRIERS TO CHANGE



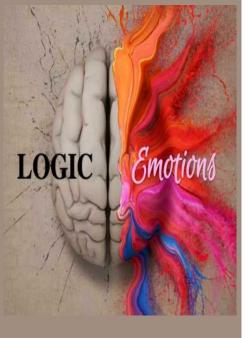
WHY DO YOU THINK PEOPLE RESIST CHANGE?







COMMON BARRIERS TO CHANGE



Denial

Our emotions

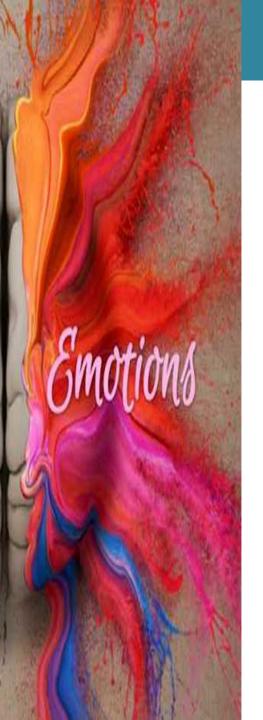
Our fears

Tribalism

Our identity and status

Our doubts

Our negative thoughts



Emotions are OK – all change is emotional But they are not you Find your emotional triggers Change your attitude

"If you don't like something, change it. If you can't change it, change your attitude.

Maya Angelou





Fear of failure Fear of the unknown Fear of blame



"Belonging Is Our Blessing, Tribalism Is our Burden."

Dr Saul Levine Professor Emeritus in Psychiatry, University of California









"They're just not buyin' what I am sellin'!"

US CEO Client

As leaders, we must encourage our people to voice their concerns to air their doubts to challenge the strategy constructively.

Otherwise, they will not be fully engaged or committed to the plan.



DETACHING FROM OUR NEGATIVE THOUGHTS

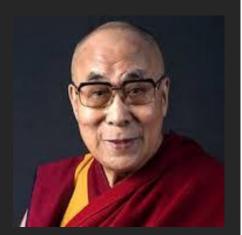
"We are, each of us, a product of the stories we tell ourselves."

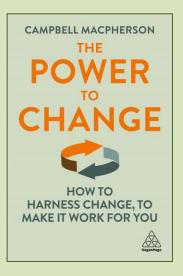


S.T.O.P

Stop. Take a breath, Observe. Proceed.







The barriers: Denial Our emotions Fear of failure Fear of the unknown Fear of blame Tribalism Our doubts Our negative thoughts

Overcoming them:

Admit it

See them for what they are

Put into perspective

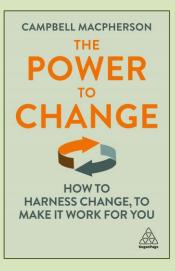
Make the unknown familiar

Be part of the solution

Tear down walls / find good tribes

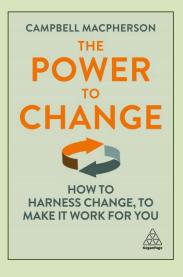
Challenge then accept

Detach yourself from them

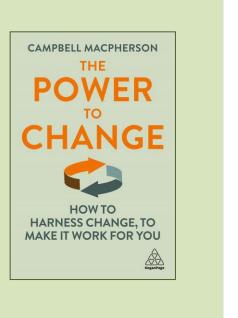


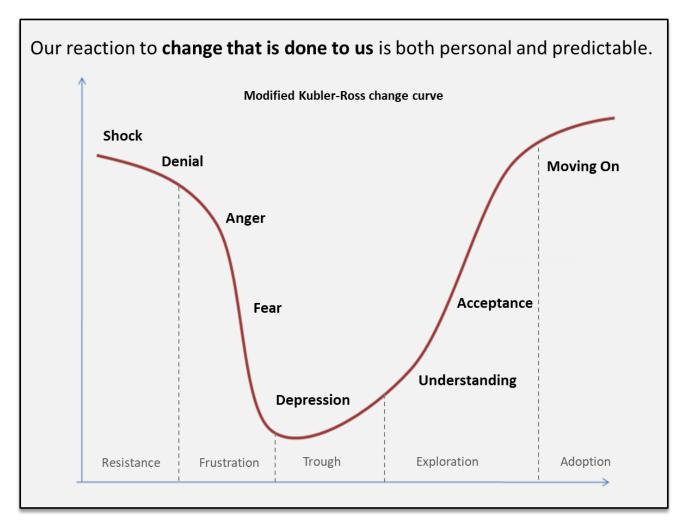
HOW WE REACT TO CHANGE

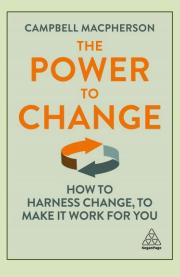




	Different types of change	
Big		
	'Burning Platform'	'Quantum Leap'
SIZE OF THE CHANGE	Big change forced upon me	Big change I have chosen
SIZE OF TH	'Adapt' Small change forced upon me	'Grow' Small change I have chosen
Small		
None Total PERSONAL CONTROL		







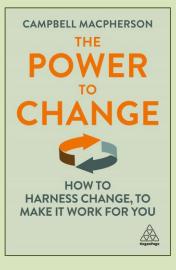
"If it's never our fault, we can't take responsibility for it. If we can't take responsibility for it, we'll always be its victim."

Richard Bach



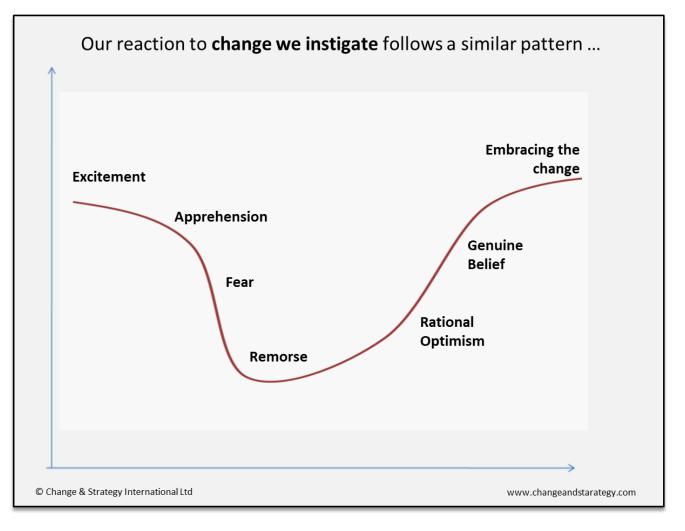
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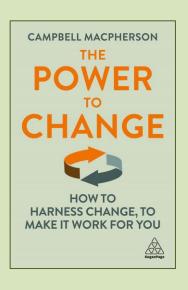
EXERCISE



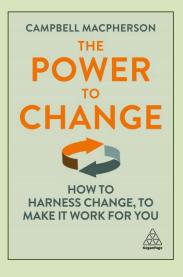
Burning Platform Change Curve Exercise

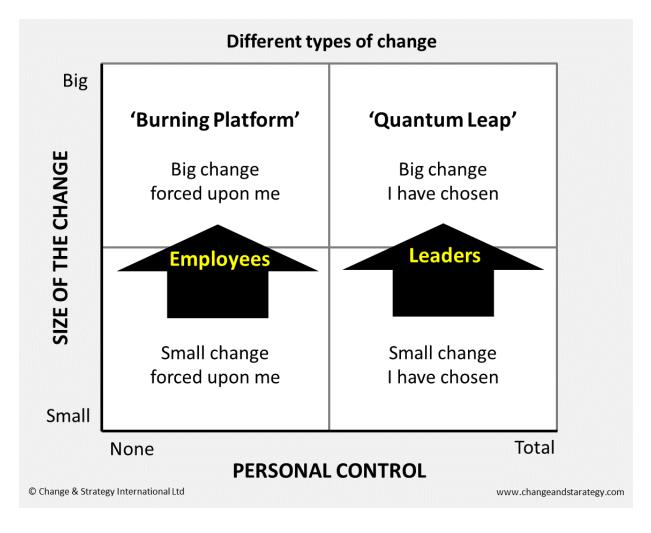




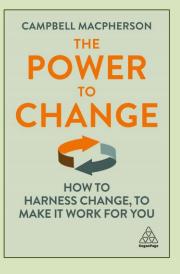












HELPING YOUR PEOPLE TO WANT TO CHANGE

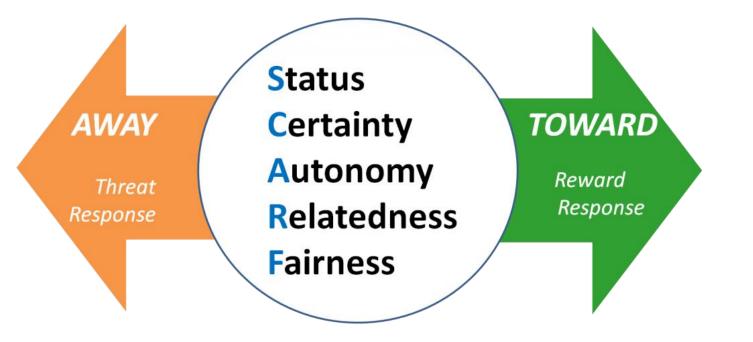




THE SCARF MODEL



© David Rock Neuroscientist



+ Purpose & Values



	The fear illustrated	Leadership actions
Status	Why have I not been consulted on such an important change? Will I lose my influence, seniority, office, high-paying job, job title?	
Certainty	What exactly does this mean for me and my team. What are the implications?	
Autonomy	This change is being done to me. Will I lose an amount of control over what or how I do my job?	
Relatedness	If I lose my job or even get promoted, I lose my friends at work.	
Fairness	Why is that group being treated differently from us / another group?	







	The fear illustrated	Leadership actions
Status	Why have I not been consulted on such an important change? Will I lose my influence, seniority, office, high-paying job, job title?	 Look for potential issues of status Engage and listen Seek their advice / assistance if possible Use them as mentors
Certainty	What exactly does this mean for me and my team. What are the implications?	
Autonomy	This change is being done to me. Will I lose an amount of control over what or how I do my job?	
Relatedness	If I lose my job or even get promoted, I lose my friends at work.	
Fairness	Why is that group being treated differently from us / another group?	







	The fear illustrated	Leadership actions
Status	Why have I not been consulted on such an important change? Will I lose my influence, seniority, office, high-paying job, job title?	 Look for potential issues of status Engage and listen Seek their advice / assistance if possible Use them as mentors
Certainty	What exactly does this mean for me and my team. What are the implications?	 Refocus people on what is certain Be open about what is uncertain Set goals and expectations and stick to them Communicate often and transparently
Autonomy	This change is being done to me. Will I lose an amount of control over what or how I do my job?	
Relatedness	If I lose my job or even get promoted, I lose my friends at work.	
Fairness	Why is that group being treated differently from us / another group?	





	The fear illustrated	Leadership actions
Status	Why have I not been consulted on such an important change? Will I lose my influence, seniority, office, high-paying job, job title?	 Look for potential issues of status Engage and listen Seek their advice / assistance if possible Use them as mentors
Certainty	What exactly does this mean for me and my team. What are the implications?	 Refocus people on what is certain Be open about what is uncertain Set goals and expectations and stick to them Communicate often and transparently
Autonomy	This change is being done to me. Will I lose an amount of control over what or how I do my job?	 Engage people in the change planning Delegate clearly and allow freedom to make their own decisions within clear boundaries
Relatedness	If I lose my job or even get promoted, I lose my friends at work.	
Fairness	Why is that group being treated differently from us / another group?	







THE SCARF MODEL

	The fear illustrated	Leadership actions
Status	Why have I not been consulted on such an important change? Will I lose my influence, seniority, office, high-paying job, job title?	 Look for potential issues of status Engage and listen Seek their advice / assistance if possible Use them as mentors
Certainty	What exactly does this mean for me and my team. What are the implications?	 Refocus people on what is certain Be open about what is uncertain Set goals and expectations and stick to them Communicate often and transparently
Autonomy	This change is being done to me. Will I lose an amount of control over what or how I do my job?	 Engage people in the change planning Delegate clearly and allow freedom to make their own decisions within clear boundaries
Relatedness	If I lose my job or even get promoted, I lose my friends at work.	 Be aware this is a genuine issue Assist with the transition Help form new relationships Listen, coach, mentor
Fairness	Why is that group being treated differently from us / another group?	





THE SCARF MODEL

	The fear illustrated	Leadership actions
Status	Why have I not been consulted on such an important change? Will I lose my influence, seniority, office, high-paying job, job title?	 Look for potential issues of status Engage and listen Seek their advice / assistance if possible Use them as mentors
Certainty	What exactly does this mean for me and my team. What are the implications?	 Refocus people on what is certain Be open about what is uncertain Set goals and expectations and stick to them Communicate often and transparently
Autonomy	This change is being done to me. Will I lose an amount of control over what or how I do my job?	 Engage people in the change planning Delegate clearly and allow freedom to make their own decisions within clear boundaries
Relatedness	If I lose my job or even get promoted, I lose my friends at work.	 Be aware this is a genuine issue Assist with the transition Help form new relationships Listen, coach, mentor
Fairness	Why is that group being treated differently from us / another group?	 Consider this ahead of the change Appreciate fair may not mean equal – and not everything is fair Permit people to have their say Don't shy away from behavioural issues

PERSONAL PURPOSE AND VALUES

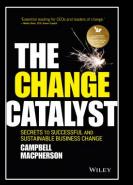








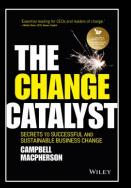




CHANGE LEADERSHIP



LEADING CHANGE IS TOUGH

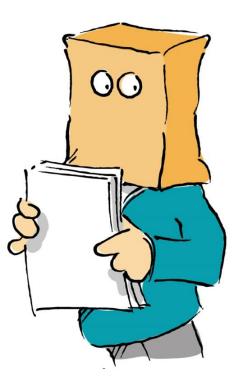




"And it ought to be remembered that there is nothing more difficult to take in hand, more perilous to conduct, or more uncertain in its success, than to take the lead in the introduction of a new order of things."

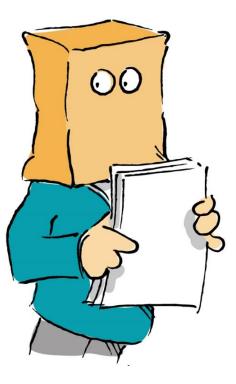
Niccolo Machiavelli





HOW DOES A POOR LEADER MAKE YOU FEEL?



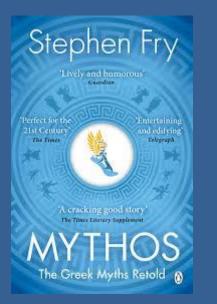


WHAT ARE THE TRAITS OF A GREAT LEADER?

A GREAT LEADER IS

?





Metis taught a young Zeus how to be a great leader . . .

- How to look into the hearts and judge the intentions of others
- How to imagine and how to reason
- How to find the strength to let passions cool before acting
- How to make a plan and how to know when a plan needed to be changed or abandoned
- How to let the head rule the heart
- And the heart win the affection of others



GREAT LEADERS

changeandstrategy.com

Great Leaders:

- 1. Like people
- 2. Like themselves
- 3. Are empathetic
- 4. Build extraordinary leadership teams
- 5. Create more leaders
- 6. Enable their people to shine
- Embrace stewardship they strive to leave the business in a better state than they found it.
- 8. Combine humility with confidence
- 9. Change their minds when a better solution arises or facts change
- 10. Share the credit and take the blame
- 11. Are authentic / genuine
- 12. Deliver results via a clear strategy and aligned people CHANGE :: STRATEGY



Aligned People



REFLECTION

2020: The year of change Why change fails Essential ingredients to successful change Break Overcoming our barriers to change

Lunch

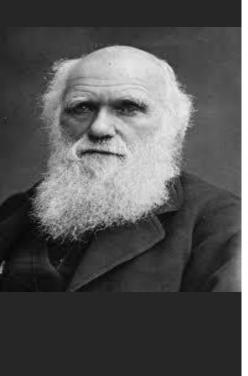
How we react to change

Helping your people to want to change

Break

Change leadership

Reflection and close



"It is not the strongest of the species that survive, nor the most intelligent, but the one most responsive to change."

Charles Darwin

